SAFETY DATA SHEET



ARBO® PRIMER 2172

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : ARBO® PRIMER 2172

Product description: Primer for use on specified substrates prior to the application of Arbosil silicone

sealants.

Other means of identification

: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses				
Primer for use on specified substrates prior to the application of Arbosil silicone sealants.				
Uses advised against	Reason			
For professional users only.	-			

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Adshead Ratcliffe & Co. Ltd.

Derby Road, Belper

Derbyshire.

DE56 1WJ

+44 (0)1773 826661

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: SDSQueries@carlisleccm.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : National Poisons Information Service (NPIS)

Tel: 0344 892 0111 (for healthcare professionals only)

Website: http://www.npis.org/

Members of Public in England, Scotland and Wales can contact NHS 111/NHS 24 by

dialling 111. In Northern Ireland contact your local GP.

<u>Supplier</u>

Telephone number : +44 (0)1773 826661

(Office hours: 8.30 - 17.00)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CL B/GH

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 2, H371 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Date of issue/Date of revision 4 September 2023 Date of previous issue

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H371 - May cause damage to organs.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P260 - Do not breathe vapour or spray.

Response : P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal : Not applicable.

Supplemental label

elements

: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
ethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475103-46 EC: 205-500-4 CAS: 141-78-6 Index: 607-022-00-5	≥50	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
methyl methacrylate	EC: 201-297-1 CAS: 80-62-6 Index: 607-035-00-6	<10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
methanol	EC: 200-659-6	<5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1] [2]

Date of issue/Date of revision 4 September 2023 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 2/17

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

•				
	CAS: 67-56-1 Index: 603-001-00-X		Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 STOT SE 1, H370	
dibenzoyl peroxide	EC: 202-327-6 CAS: 94-36-0 Index: 617-008-00-0	<0.25	Org. Perox. B, H241 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed <u>Over-exposure signs/symptoms</u>

Date of issue/Date of revision

4 September 2023 Date of previous issue

: No previous validation

Version : 1

3/17

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : nausea or vomiting

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : Antidote for methanol poisoning is ethanol.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Version :1

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
ethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 1468 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 734 mg/m³ 8 hours.
methyl methacrylate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 416 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 208 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
methanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 333 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 266 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
dibenzoyl peroxide	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
DNEL	Long term Oral	4.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Dermal	37 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Dermal	63 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m ³	General population	Local
DNEL	Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
DNEL	Short term Inhalation	734 mg/m³		Local
DNEL	Short term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	General	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	Workers	Local
DNEL	Long term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	DNEL Long term Oral DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term	DNEL Long term Oral 4.5 mg/kg bw/day DNEL Long term Dermal 37 mg/kg bw/day DNEL Long term Dermal 63 mg/kg bw/day DNEL Long term 367 mg/m³ lnhalation DNEL Long term 367 mg/m³ lnhalation DNEL Short term 734 mg/m³ lnhalation DNEL Short term 734 mg/m³ lnhalation DNEL Long term 734 mg/m³	DNEL Long term Oral 4.5 mg/kg bw/day population DNEL Long term Dermal 37 mg/kg bw/day population DNEL Long term Dermal 63 mg/kg bw/day DNEL Long term 367 mg/m³ General population DNEL Long term 367 mg/m³ General population DNEL Long term 367 mg/m³ General population DNEL Short term 734 mg/m³ Workers

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

•	•	•			
	DNEL	Short term	1468 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1468 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		•
methyl methacrylate	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1.5 mg/cm ²	General	Local
Internal internal		Gilore tollin Bollinai	1.0 1119/0111	population	20041
	DNIEL	Lang tarm Darmal	1 E m a/om 2	General	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.5 mg/cm ²		Local
				population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1.5 mg/cm ²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.5 mg/cm ²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	8.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long term Dermai			Systemic
		l <u>-</u> .	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	13.67 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	74.3 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	· ·	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	104 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DINCL		107 mg/m		Local
	D	Inhalation	000 , 0	population	
	DNEL	Short term	208 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	348.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLL	Inhalation	m ³	WORKEIS	Cysternic
	DATE			147 1	
	DNEL	Short term	416 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
methanol	DNEL	Short term Oral	4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	•
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long term erai	bw/day	population	Cysternio
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	DNEL	Short term Dermal	4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		-,
	DNEL	Long torm Dormal		Workers	Cyatamia
	DINEL	Long term Dermal	20 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	D		bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	26 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	26 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	26 mg/m³	General	Systemic
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		Long term Inhalation		General population	
	DNEL	Long term	26 mg/m ³	General	Systemic Local
		Long term Inhalation Short term		General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation	130 mg/m³	General population Workers	Local
		Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term		General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation	130 mg/m³ 130 mg/m³	General population Workers	Local
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dibenzoyl peroxide	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	130 mg/m³ 130 mg/m³ 130 mg/m³ 130 mg/m³ 34 µg/cm²	General population Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers	Local Local Systemic Systemic Local
dibenzoyl peroxide	DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation	130 mg/m³ 130 mg/m³ 130 mg/m³ 130 mg/m³ 34 µg/cm² 2 mg/kg	General population Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers General	Local Local Systemic Systemic
dibenzoyl peroxide	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Oral	130 mg/m³ 130 mg/m³ 130 mg/m³ 130 mg/m³ 34 µg/cm² 2 mg/kg bw/day	General population Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers General population	Local Local Systemic Systemic Local Systemic
dibenzoyl peroxide	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	130 mg/m ³ 130 mg/m ³ 130 mg/m ³ 130 mg/m ³ 34 µg/cm ² 2 mg/kg bw/day 13.3 mg/	General population Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers General	Local Local Systemic Systemic Local
dibenzoyl peroxide	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Oral	130 mg/m³ 130 mg/m³ 130 mg/m³ 130 mg/m³ 34 µg/cm² 2 mg/kg bw/day	General population Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers General population	Local Local Systemic Systemic Local Systemic
dibenzoyl peroxide	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Oral	130 mg/m³ 130 mg/m³ 130 mg/m³ 130 mg/m³ 34 µg/cm² 2 mg/kg bw/day 13.3 mg/ kg bw/day	General population Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers General population	Local Local Systemic Systemic Local Systemic Systemic Systemic
dibenzoyl peroxide	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Oral Long term Dermal	130 mg/m ³ 130 mg/m ³ 130 mg/m ³ 130 mg/m ³ 34 µg/cm ² 2 mg/kg bw/day 13.3 mg/	General population Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers General population Workers	Local Local Systemic Systemic Local Systemic

Version: 1

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
ethyl acetate	Fresh water	0.24 mg/l	-
	Fresh water	1.65 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.024 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	650 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	1.15 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.115 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.148 mg/kg	-
	Secondary Poisoning	200 mg/kg	-
methyl methacrylate	Fresh water	0.94 mg/l	-
	Fresh water	0.69 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.094 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	10 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	10.2 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	1.02 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	1.48 mg/kg dwt	-
dibenzoyl peroxide	Fresh water	0.02 µg/l	-
	Fresh water	0.602 µg/l	-
	Marine water	0.002 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	0.35 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	0.013 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.001 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.003 mg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Version :1

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Clear.
Odour : Ester

Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : <0°C

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

: 80°C (176°F)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : Lower: 2%

Upper: 11%

Flash point : Closed cup: -2.8°C (27°F)

Auto-ignition temperature : 385°C (725°F)

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

Solubility in water : Insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

	V	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
methanol	126.96	16.9					
ethyl acetate	81.59	10.9					
methyl methacrylate	27.75	3.7					
dibenzoyl peroxide	<0.75	<0.1					

Evaporation rate : 6 (butyl acetate = 1)

Relative density : 0.91

Density : 0.91 g/cm³

Vapour density : Not available.

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials acids alkalis

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

In case of fire: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides (CO, CO₂)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
ethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
methyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	78000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7872 mg/kg	-
methanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	145000 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-
dibenzoyl peroxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	6400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
ARBO® PRIMER 2172	2503.1	7509.4	N/A	75.1	N/A
ethyl acetate	5620	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
methyl methacrylate	7872	N/A	N/A	78	N/A
methanol	100	300	64000	3	N/A
dibenzoyl peroxide	6400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
dibenzoyl peroxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
• •				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Woman	-	1 %	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	1344 hours 5	-

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Eyes : Eye Irrit. 2

Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Skin Sens. 1

Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethyl acetate methyl methacrylate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
methanol	Category 1	-	-

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes

of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled. Can cause

central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. May

cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause

central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Version: 1

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Causes serious eye irritation. May cause skin sensitisation.

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

...

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

General

: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethyl acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 750000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Scud - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Indian catfish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia</i> magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	32 days
methyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 130000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - Adult	96 hours
methanol	Acute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Green algae - <i>Ulva</i>	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2500000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia</i> magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 290 mg/l Fresh water		96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Green algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary: Aquatic Chronic 3

Date of issue/Date of revision4 September 2023Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 1

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
ethyl acetate	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethyl acetate	0.68	30	Low
methyl methacrylate	1.38	-	Low
methanol	-0.77	<10	Low
dibenzoyl peroxide	3.2	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: Yes.

Waste catalogue

Waste code	Waste designation	
14 06 03*	other solvents and solvent mixtures	

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Version :1

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	Paint related material
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID : <u>Hazard identification number</u> 33

Limited quantity 5 L

Special provisions 163, 640D, 650, 367

Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when

transported in tank vessels.

Special provisions 163, 367, 640D, 650

IMDG : <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, _S-E_

Special provisions 163, 367

IATA : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 353.

Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341.

Special provisions A3, A72, A192

14.6 Special precautions for

user

: **Transport within user's premises**: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
ARBO® PRIMER 2172 methanol	≥90 <5	3 69

Labelling : Not applicable.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category P5c

EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

Eurasian Economic Union: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.

Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea : Not determined.

Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.
Turkey : Not determined.

United States : All components are listed or exempted.

Viet Nam : Not determined.

15.2 Chemical safety : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

assessment required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	Expert judgment
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 2, H371	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H241	Heating may cause a fire or explosion.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H371	May cause damage to organs.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Org. Perox. B	ORGANIC PEROXIDES - Type B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT SE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT SE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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SECTION 16: Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.