

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: FIX & GROUT Trade code: 903AA9990

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Water-borne synthetic polymer based adhesive

Uses advised against: Not available

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: MAPEI U.K. Ltd - Mapei House Steel Park Road

Halesowen - West Midlands B62 8HD

phone: +44(0)121 508 6970 - fax: +44(0)121 5086 960 - www.mapei.co.uk (office hour 8:30-17:30)

Responsable: sicurezza@mapei.it

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

call NHS 111 or a doctor/OHES Environmental Ltd +44(0)333 333 9962

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

The product is not classified as hazardous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

## No other hazards

## 2.2. Label elements

The	product is n	ot classified	as hazardous	according to	Regulation	EC 1272/2008	
I IIC	JI OUUCE IS II	ot classifieu	as nazai uous	according to	Regulation	LC 12/2/2000	(CLF).

#### **Special Provisions:**

•	
EUH208	Contains 2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol; 1,3,5-tris(2-hydroxyethyl)hexahydro- 1,3,5-triazine. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH208	Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH208	Contains 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH208	Contains reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H - isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.
	Safaty data choot available on request

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

#### **Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:** None.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

Other Hazards: No other hazards

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Not Relevant

## 3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: FIX & GROUT

## Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥0.05 - <0.1 %	1,3,5-triyl)triethanol; 1,3,5-tris(2- hydroxyethyl)hexahydro-1,3,5-	EC:225-208-0 Index:613-114-	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317	01-2119529226-41-XXXX
	triazine	00-6	Specific Concentration Limits:	

≥0.01 - <0.016 %	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2- benzisothiazolin-3-one	- CAS:2634-33-5 EC:220-120-9 Index:613-088- 00-6	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
			Specific Concentration Limits: $C \ge 0.05\%$ : Skin Sens. 1 H317
<0.0015 %	2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	EC:247-761-7	Acute Tox. 2, H330 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:100, M-Acute:100, EUH071
			Specific Concentration Limits: $C \ge 0.0015\%$ : Skin Sens. 1A H317
			Acute Toxicity Estimate: ATE - Oral: 125mg/kg bw ATE - Dermal: 311mg/kg bw
<0.0015 %	reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H - isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239- 6] (3:1)	EC:611-341-5 Index:613-167-	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Eye Dam. 1, H318, M-Chronic:100, M- Acute:100
			Specific Concentration Limits: $C \ge 0.6\%$ : Skin Corr. 1C H314 $0.06\% \le C < 0.6\%$ : Skin Irrit. 2 H315 $C \ge 0.6\%$ : Eye Dam. 1 H318 $0.06\% \le C < 0.6\%$ : Eye Irrit. 2 H319

# C $\geq$ 0.0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Wash with plenty of water and soap.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Not available

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment:

Not available (see paragraph 4.1)

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Limit leakages with earth or sand.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection** 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)**

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one CAS: 26530-20-1	DFG	GERMANY	Ceiling - Short Term: 54 mg/m3 - 10 ppm
	National	GERMANY	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3
	CHE	SWITZERLAN D	Short Term: 0.1 mg/m3
	National	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3; Short Term: 0.05 mg/m3
	DFG	GERMANY	Ceiling - Short Term: 0.1 mg/m3
	National	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3; Short Term: 0.1 mg/m3

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Not needed for normal use. Anyway, operate according good working practices. Protection for skin:

No special precaution must be adopted for normal use.

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN ISO 374:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min. Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness >=0,35mm; breakthrough time >=480min. Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness >=0,4mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Respiratory protection:

Personal Protective Equipment should comply with relevant CE standards (as EN ISO 374 for gloves and EN ISO 166 for goggles), correctly maintained and stored. Consult the supplier to check the suitability of equipment against specific chemicals and for user information.

Not needed for normal use. Anyway, operate according good working practices.

Hygienic and Technical measures

Not available

Appropriate engineering controls:

Not available

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties Physical state: Liquid Appearance: paste Color: various Odour: Characteristic Odour threshold: Not available Melting point / freezing point: Not available Initial boiling point and boiling range: 100 °C (212 °F) Flammability: N.A. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Not available Flash point: Not available Auto-ignition temperature: Not available Decomposition temperature: Not available pH: 8.50 Viscosity: 700,000.00 cPs Kinematic viscosity: Not available Solubility in water: dispersible Solubility in oil: insoluble Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not available Vapour pressure: Not available Relative density: Not available Vapour density: Not available **Particle characteristics:** Particle size: Not available

# 9.2. Other information

Miscibility: Not available Conductivity: Not available Explosive properties: == No other relevant information

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	on Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Toxicological information on main co	mponents of the mixture:
2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5- a) acute toxici triazine-1,3,5- triyl)triethanol; 1,3,5- tris(2-	ty LD50 Oral Rat = 1000 mg/kg
hydroxyethyl)hexahydro- 1,3,5-triazine	
	1000 Inholation Mict Dat $= 0.271$ mg/l 4h
	LC50 Inhalation Mist Rat = $0.371 \text{ mg/l } 4h$
	LD50 Oral Rat = 763 mg/kg
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- a) acute toxici one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin- 3-one	ty LD50 Oral Rat = 670 mg/kg
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3- a) acute toxici one	ty ATE - Oral : 125 mg/kg bw
	ATE - Dermal : 311 mg/kg bw
	LD50 Oral Rat = 318 mg/kg
	LD50 Skin Rabbit = 311 mg/kg
	LC50 Inhalation Dust Rat = 0.58 mg/l 4h
reaction mass of: 5- a) acute toxicit chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2- methyl-2H -isothiazol-3- one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	ty LC50 Inhalation Rat = 2.36 mg/l 4h
	LD50 Skin Rabbit = 660 mg/kg
	LD50 Oral Rat = 53 mg/kg

# 11.2. Information on other hazards

# Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. Eco-Toxicological Information:

#### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine- 1,3,5-triyl)triethanol; 1,3,5-tris(2- hydroxyethyl)hexahydro-1,3,5- triazine		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Danio rerio = 16.07 mg/L 96h ECHA
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2- benzisothiazolin-3-one	CAS: 2634-33-5 - EINECS: 220- 120-9 - INDEX: 613-088-00-6	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 2.15 mg/L
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Algae = 0.0403 mg/L 72h
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: EC50 Algae = 0.11 mg/L 72h
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC10 Algae = 0.04 mg/L 72h
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: EC50 Daphnia = 3.27 mg/L 48h
		NOEC Daphnia = 1.2 mg/L 21d
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	CAS: 26530-20- 1 - EINECS: 247-761-7 - INDEX: 613- 112-00-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 0.42 mg/L 48
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Algae = 0.084 mg/L 72
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 0.036 mg/L 96
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 0.18 mg/L 96
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia = $0.002 \text{ mg/L} - 21 \text{ d}$
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish = $0.022 \text{ mg/L} - 28 \text{ d}$
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Algae = 0.004 mg/L 72
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H - isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239- 6] (3:1)		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 0.12 mg/L 48
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish = 0.22 mg/L 96
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae = 0.048 mg/L 72
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Algae = 0.0012 mg/L 72
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: NOEC Fish = 0.098 mg/L - 28 d
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: NOEC Daphnia = 0.004 mg/L - 21 d

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

N.A.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

Not available

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

A waste code (EWC) according to European List of Waste (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact and send to an authorized waste disposal service.

#### Methods of disposal:

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

Clean waste packaging should be recycled when possible and authorized by the authority.

#### Hazardous waste: No

Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

Not Applicable

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not Applicable

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not Applicable

# 14.4. Packing group

Not Applicable

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

Not Applicable

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not Applicable

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

#### Not Applicable

Air (IATA):

Not Applicable

Sea (IMDG):

Not Applicable

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not Applicable

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

VOC (2004/42/EC) : N.A. g/l Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work) Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values) Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH) Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878 Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013 Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

#### None

# Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: None.

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 75

#### SVHC Substances:

SVHC substances not present in a concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$  (w/w)

#### German Water Hazard Class.

Class 1: slightly hazardous for water.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

If appropriate, specific provisions in relation to possible training for workers are mentioned in section 2. Any training related to safety in the workplace must in any case refer to a risk assessment that must be carried out by a company safety officer taking into account the specific operating and environmental conditions in which the products are used.

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX'S DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals. IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA: International Air Transport Association. IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization. ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO). IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients. IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care KAFH: KAFH KSt: Explosion coefficient. LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population. LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population. LDLo: Leathal Dose Low N.A.: Not Applicable N/A: Not Applicable N/D: Not defined/ Not available NA: Not available NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PGK: Packaging Instruction PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration. **PSG:** Passengers RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail. STEL: Short Term Exposure limit. STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity. TLV: Threshold Limiting Value. TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard). vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.

WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

## \* Sheet model entirely changed in compliance to regulatory update.